

Secondary School Examination (March- 2019)

Social Science (087)

Marking Scheme 32/3/2

Q. NO.	EXPECTED ANSWERS/VALUE POINTS	PAGE NO.	MARK S
1	<u>SECTION A</u> Developmental goal: i. She gets equal freedom like her brother ii. She can decide what she wants to do in life iii. She can pursue her studies abroad (Any other relevant point) Or <u>Goal Rich farmer</u> i. Assurance of high income ii. Higher support prices for crops iii. Can settle children abroad iv. Expects more hard work at cheaper payment (Any one point)	Eco. 4	1
2	Land degradation in Jharkhand i. Mining activities caused deep scars and traces of overburdening ii. Deforestation lead to land degradation (Any other relevant point) Or <u>Over Grazing in Gujarat</u> i. Leads to deforestation ii. Leads to soil erosion (Any other relevant point)	Geo. 7	1
3	Manuscripts before print: i. Manuscripts were highly expensive and fragile ii. It was difficult to handle iii. They could not be read easily iv. The script was written in different styles Or <u>Women & children discourge</u> 1. To keep away from immoral influence of novels 2. They were seen as easily corruptible (Any one point)	History 167 History 194	1
4	<u>Civil war in Sri Lanka</u> 1. The Democratically elected govt. adopted a series of majoritarian measures to establish Sinhala Supremacy (any other relevant points)	Civics 3	1

5	<p><u>Censorship laws to control practice motions:</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> i. Printed materials associated and reflected the ideas of liberty & freedom of French revolution ii. Did not tolerate criticism & dissent iii. Sought to curb activities & questioned autocracy <p style="text-align: center;">Or</p> <p>To provide western style of education</p>	History 11,12	1
		History 35	
6	<p><u>Two Examples of economic activities-Secondary</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Cotton fiber plant 2. Spin Yarn 3. Sugar cane industries 4. Production of tools, machine industries <p>(Any other relevant point)</p>	Eco. 20	1
7	<p><u>MNC different from other companies</u></p> <p>MNCs own or control production of more than one nation but other companies own within the boundaries of their own country</p>	Eco. 57	1
8	<p style="text-align: center;"><u>Section B</u></p> <p><u>3 Steps taken for foreign investment</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Barrier on foreign trade and foreign investment were removed to a greatest extent 2. Promotion of LPG'S after 1991 3. Development of special Economic zones (SEZ) 4. Tax relaxation on imports and exports 5. To be a member of WTO 6. Any other relevant point <p>(Any 3 points)</p>	Eco. 64	1+1+1 =3
9	<p><u>Positive role of credit.....</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Meets the capital needs of small producers 2. Meet the ongoing expenses of production 3. Helps in setting up new industries or business 4. Increase the earning of small producers 5. Any other relevant point <p>(Any three point to be justified)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Or</p> <p><u>Negative role of credit...</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. During natural calamities credit repayment is painful to the farmer 2. Small Producers compelled to sell a parts of land for repayment 3. Credit pushes the borrowed to deep debt 4. The borrower reaches to worst than before <p>(Any 3 point to be justified)</p>	Eco. 43	1+1+1 =3
		Eco. 44	
10	<p style="text-align: center;"><u>Employment in Agriculture Sector.....</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Construction of dams & canals for irrigation 2. Credit to farmers to buy inputs 3. Investment in transports & storage of crop 	Eco. 28	1+1+1 =3

	<p>4. Investment in better transport facilities like roads, railways tracks etc.</p> <p>5. Setting up of agro based industries (Any other point)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Or</p> <p><u>Eradication of unemployment in India.....</u></p> <p>1. Promotion of agriculture allied activities</p> <p>2. Promotion of small scale industries</p> <p>3. Promotion of employment in tertiary sector</p> <p>4. Promotion of tourism and regional craft industries</p> <p>5. Promotion of IT Industries</p> <p>6. Implementation of NREGA in large scale</p> <p>7. Any relevant point (Any 3 points)</p>	Eco. 25	
11	<p><u>Relief Features India</u></p> <p>1. 43% of the land area is plain which provides facilities for agriculture and Industry Ex. Northern Plains, Coastal Plains</p> <p>2. 30% of the country's surface area is formed by mountains and ensure perennial flow of some rivers, provides facilities for tourism and ecological aspects Ex. Himalaya, Eastern & Western Gh</p> <p>3. About 27% of the area of the country is the plateau region. It possesses rich reserves of minerals for fossil fuels and forest Ex. Deccan & Chota Nagpur</p>	Geo. 5	1+1+1 =3
12	<p><u>Use Nature Resources properly and judiciously.....</u></p> <p>1. Natural resources are limited and takes millions of years to form</p> <p>2. Most of the resources are exhaustible in nature</p> <p>3. Resources are unevenly distributed</p> <p>4. Need for future generation</p> <p>5. Any other relevant point (Any 3 points)</p>	Geo. 4	1+1+1 =3
13	<p>Britain as nation state:</p> <p>i. The primary identities of the people inhabited were English, Welsh, Scot or Irish</p> <p>ii. These groups had their own cultural and political traditions.</p> <p>iii. English nation grew steadily in wealth, importance and power to influence over the other nation of the islands.</p> <p>iv. The English parliament seized the power from monarchy (1688) was instrumental for the establishment of nation state.</p> <p>v. The act of Union (1707) between English & Scotland resulted in the formation of U.K. (Any Three Points)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Or</p> <p>1. Teachers and student did not blindly follow the curriculum. Sometimes there was open opposition, at other times there was silent resistance.</p> <p>2. Vietnamese teachers quietly modified the test and criticized</p>	History 22	1+1+1 =3
		History 36	

	<p>what stated</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> In 1926 a major protest erupted in the Saigon Native Girls School Students fought against the colonial government's efforts to prevent the Vietnamese from qualifying for white-collar jobs They were inspired by patriotic feelings and the conviction that it was the duty of the educated to fight for the benefit of society By the 1920's students were forming various political Parties, such as the Party of Young Annam, and publishing nationalist journals such as the Annamese Students School thus became an important place for political cultural battles <p>(Any 3 points)</p>		
14	<p><u>Challenge of expansion of Democracy</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> It involve applying basis principles across all regions, Social groups and various Institutions Ensuring greater power to local government Extension of federal principles to all the units of federation inclusion of women, children etc. <p>(Any 3 Points)</p>	Civics 102	1+1+1 =3
15	<p>Readers increase in 19th century in Europe</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Primary education made compulsory Press devoted to children literature was established in France in 1857 to publish new works, fairy tales & folk tales Anything unsuitable to children were deleted Woman became important readers manuals meant for women teaching behavior, house keeping were published. Lending libraries became instruments for good jobs Working time was reduced later and people got time for self education <p>(Any relevant points)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Or</p> <p><u>Vernacular novels source</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> The novels produced the sense of shared world between diverse people Novels also draw from different styles of language Novels brought different culture together The novel wrote to develop a modern literature of the country to produce a sense of national belonging & culture equality Any other relevant point <p>(Any three points)</p>	History 165	1+1+1 =3
16	<p><u>Importance of manufacturing Industries</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Help in modernising agriculture Eradication of unemployment and poverty Expands trade and commerce Brings foreign exchange Transform their raw materials also a wide variety of finished goods. 	Geo. 65	1+1+1 =3

	<p>6. Increase standard of living and PCI 7. Self Sufficiency 8. Relevant point (Any 3 points)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Or</p> <p><u>Role of Industries in the development of agriculture</u> 1. Provides Agricultural tools & machines 2. Increase agricultural & industrial production 3. Mechanisation of agriculture 4. Eradication of unemployment 5. Self Sufficiency is occurred 6. Any relevant point (Any 3 point)</p>	Geo. 66	
17	<p>Caste in Politics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Parties keep in mind the caste composition of the electorate and nominate the candidate When the Government formed, parties take care that different castes & tribes find a place Parties and candidates appeal to caste sentiment to master supports. Mobilize & Securing political support-universal adult franchise Any other relevant point <p>(Explain any 3 points)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Or</p> <p><u>Position of women improved in our country.....</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Women literacy rate increased to 54% Series of laws passed for upliftment of women in the post independence period The equal wages Act provider equal pay to men & women, removed inequality between sexes 1/3 of seats reserved for women in local bodies Relaxation in income tax slab Change in attitudes & believes in the society Any relevant points <p>(Explain any 3 points)</p>	Civics 51	1+1+1 =3
18	<p><u>Free & fair elections</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Contesting candidate should submit affidavit of properties & cases pending against him if any To hold organizational election by parties The defection law implemented The constitution was amended to prevent elected MLA's & MPs from changing parties The supreme court passed law to bring down money influence during election Democracy provides meaningful choice to their voters to choose their representative regularly, freely and fairly. It also provides the government, make policies, justify or 	Civics 85	1+1+1 =3

	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. In Awadh peasants were led by Baba Ramachandra 2. The movement was against talukdars and landlords 3. The movement demanded reduction of revenue, abolition of beggar and social boycott of oppressive landlords. 4. Many places nai-dhobi bandhs were organized by peasants 5. In the Gudam hills of Andhra Pradesh a guerrilla movement was started by Alluri Seetharama Raju 6. He believed in force and violated the British restriction 7. He persuaded people to wear khadi and stop drinking 	59	
21	<p><u>Five technological and Industrial reforms</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Expansion of irrigation facilities 2. Collecivisation & consolidation of land holdings 3. Establishment of cooperative societies 4. Abolition of Zamindari System 5. Laws of land reforms were enacted 6. Promotion of green revolution, white revolution & use of package technology in 1960s & 1970s 7. 1980s programmes intiated for crop insurance against calamities 8. Establishment of Govt. banks co-operative societies & banks for providing loan facilities 9. Schemes like KCC, PAIS, were introduced by the govt. 10. Weather bulletin, MSP etc. <p>(Any other relevant points) (Explain any five Points)</p>	Geo. 42, 43	1+1+1 +1+1= 5
22	<p><u>Resumption of US economy in the early 1920s.....</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Mass production became a feature in 1920's 2. Pioneer of mass production was the car manufacturer 'Henry Ford' 3. He adopted the assembly line of Chicago slaughter house to his new car plant in Detroit. 4. Mass production lowered the cost & prices of engineering goods 5. More workers could afford to purchase durable goods 6. The housing and consumer boom of 1920's created basis for prosperity 7. US imports and capital exports boosted European recovery & world trade 8. US became the largest overseas leader 9. Any other relevant point <p>(Explain any 5 points)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Or</p> <p>Effect of abundance labour in England</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Workers moved to cities. But the actual possibility of getting a job depended on existing net work of friends and relatives 2. Many job seekers had to wait weeks spending nights under bridges or in night shelters 3. Seasonality of work in many industries meant prolonged periods without work 	History 93	1+1+1 +1+1= 5
		History 110	

	<p>4. Period of employment determined the average daily income</p> <p>5. The fear of unemployment made workers hostile due to introduction of technology</p> <p>6. The welfare of the employees were neglected & the earning of the workers fell significantly</p> <p>7. Any other relevant point (Explain any 5 points)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Or</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><u>Problem due to use of coal in England</u></p> <p>1. In industrial cities like Leeds, Bradford & Manchester hundreds of Chimneys spewed black smoke in the skies</p> <p>2. People joked sky is grey and vegetation is black</p> <p>3. People complained about the black fog that descended caused bad tempers, smoke related illness and dirty clothes</p> <p>4. The smoke abatement Acts of (1847 and 1853) did not work to clean air</p> <p>5. Development occurred at the expense of ecology and environment</p> <p>6. Natural features were flattened out for want of space for factories & housing</p> <p>7. Any Relevant point (Explain any 5 points)</p>			History 59, 60																			
23	<p><u>International trade is considered the economic barometer of a country.....</u></p> <p>1. Advancement in international trade is the index of prosperity of a country</p> <p>2. As the resources are space bound, no country can survive without international trade</p> <p>3. The balance of trade of a country is the difference between the import and export</p> <p>4. The increase of export over import is called as favourable trade</p> <p>5. India has emerged as a software giant at Inter national level</p> <p>6. India has earned large foreign exchange through the export IT</p> <p>7. Any other relevant point (Justify any five points)</p>			Geo. 90	1+1+1 +1+1= 5																		
24	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 30%;">Party</th> <th style="width: 30%;">Name of State</th> <th style="width: 30%;">Symbols</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>i)Shiromani Akal Dal</td> <td>Punjab</td> <td>Taraju</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ii)Samajwadi Party</td> <td>UP</td> <td>Cycle</td> </tr> <tr> <td>iii)AIADMK</td> <td>Tamil Nadu</td> <td>Leaf</td> </tr> <tr> <td>iv)Trinamool Congress</td> <td>West Bengal</td> <td>Three Leaf</td> </tr> <tr> <td>v)Rashtriya Janta Dal</td> <td>Bihar</td> <td>Laltern</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Party	Name of State	Symbols	i)Shiromani Akal Dal	Punjab	Taraju	ii)Samajwadi Party	UP	Cycle	iii)AIADMK	Tamil Nadu	Leaf	iv)Trinamool Congress	West Bengal	Three Leaf	v)Rashtriya Janta Dal	Bihar	Laltern			Civics 82	½ x 10=5
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25	<p><u>Exploitation in market place in various ways</u></p> <p>1. Unfair practices like less weigh, low quality sold</p> <p>2. Traders add charges that were not mentioned before</p>			Eco 76	1=1+1 +1+1+ 1=5																		

3. Adulterated goods are sold
 4. Defective good are sold
 5. Defective labels on goods
 6. Charges more than MRP
 7. Producers are few and powerful and consumers purchase in small and scattered
 8. Rich & powerful can manipulate the market
 9. False information through media
- (Any other relevant point)

26

Section D

26 A History map work

26 B Geography map work (any three)

5

32/3/1, 32/3/2, 32/3/3

प्रश्न सं. 26 के लिए For question no. 26

26(A) - Hist. - 2 marks. भारत का रेखा-मानचित्र (राजनीतिक)
 26(B) - Geo - 3 marks (Any three) Outline Map of India (Political)

26(A) - Hist. - 1 x 2 = 2 m
 26(B) - Geo. - Any three
 1 x 3 = 3 m

32/3/2

11

[Signatures]

Only for visually impaired candidates

26.1 Jallianwala Bagh – Amritsar, Punjab

26.2 Indigo Planters- Champaran, Bihar

	26.3 Peasants Satyagrah- Kheda, Gujarat 26.4 Bellary Iron Ore-Bellary, Karnataka 26.5 Kochi sea port- Kerala 26.6 Naraura Nuclear plant-UP 26.7 Durgapur Iron & Steel-West Bengal		
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