

ALL INDIA SENIOR SCHOOL CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION MARKING SCHEME-2023

SUBJECT : POLITICAL SCIENCE (028)

PAPER CODE NO:59/4/2

Strictly Confidential: (For Internal and Restricted use only)

Senior School Certificate Examination, 2023

Marking Scheme – POLITICAL SCIENCE (SUBJECT CODE – 028)

General Instructions: -

1	You are aware that evaluation is the most important process in the actual and correct assessment of the candidates. A small mistake in evaluation may lead to serious problems which may affect the future of the candidates, education system and teaching profession. To avoid mistakes, it is requested that before starting evaluation, you must read and understand the spot evaluation guidelines carefully.
2	“Evaluation policy is a confidential policy as it is related to the confidentiality of the examinations conducted, Evaluation done and several other aspects. Its’ leakage to public in any manner could lead to derailment of the examination system and affect the life and future of millions of candidates. Sharing this policy/document to anyone, publishing in any magazine and printing in News Paper/Website etc may invite action under various rules of the Board and IPC.”
3	Evaluation is to be done as per instructions provided in the Marking Scheme. It should not be done according to one’s own interpretation or any other consideration. Marking Scheme should be strictly adhered to and religiously followed. However, while evaluating, answers which are based on latest information or knowledge and/or are innovative, they may be assessed for their correctness otherwise and due marks be awarded to them. In class-X, while evaluating two competency based questions, please try to understand given answer and even if reply is not from marking scheme but correct competency is enumerated by the candidate, marks should be awarded.
4	The Marking scheme carries only suggested value points for the answers These are in the nature of Guidelines only and do not constitute the complete answer. The students can have their own expression and if the expression is correct, the due marks should be awarded accordingly.
5	The Head-Examiner must go through the first five answer books evaluated by each evaluator on the first day, to ensure that evaluation has been carried out as per the instructions given in the Marking Scheme. . If there is any variation, the same should be zero after deliberation and discussion. The remaining answer books meant for evaluation shall be given only after ensuring that there is no significant variation in the marking of individual evaluators.
6	Evaluators will mark(✓) wherever answer is correct. For wrong answer CROSS ‘X’ be marked. Evaluators will not put right(✓) while evaluating which gives an impression that answer is correct and no marks are awarded. This is most common mistake which evaluators are committing.
7	If a question has parts, please award marks on the right-hand side for each part. Marks awarded for different parts of the question should then be totaled up and written in the left-hand margin and encircled. This may be followed strictly.
8	If a question does not have any parts, marks must be awarded in the left-hand margin and encircled. This may also be followed strictly.
9	If a student has attempted an extra question, answer of the question deserving more marks should be retained and the other answer scored out with a note "Extra Question" .
10	No marks to be deducted for the cumulative effect of an error. It should be penalized only once
11	A full scale of marks 80 marks given in Question Paper has to be used. Please do not hesitate to award full marks if the answer deserves it.
12	Every examiner has to necessarily do evaluation work for full working hours i.e. 8 hours every day and evaluate 20 answer books per day in main subjects and 25 answer books per day in other subjects (Details are given in Spot Guidelines).
13	Ensure that you do not make the following common types of errors committed by the Examiner in the past:-

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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Leaving answer or part thereof unassessed in an answer book. • Giving more marks for an answer than assigned to it. • Wrong totaling of marks awarded on an answer. • Wrong transfer of marks from the inside pages of the answer book to the title page. • Wrong question wise totaling on the title page. • Wrong totaling of marks of the two columns on the title page. • Wrong grand total. • Marks in words and figures not tallying/not same. • Wrong transfer of marks from the answer book to online award list. • Answers marked as correct, but marks not awarded. (Ensure that the right tick mark is correctly and clearly indicated. It should merely be a line. Same is with the X for incorrect answer.) • Half or a part of answer marked correct and the rest as wrong, but no marks awarded.
14	While evaluating the answer books if the answer is found to be totally incorrect, it should be marked as cross (X) and awarded zero (0)Marks.
15	Any un assessed portion, non-carrying over of marks to the title page, or totaling error detected by the candidate shall damage the prestige of all the personnel engaged in the evaluation work as also of the Board. Hence, in order to uphold the prestige of all concerned, it is again reiterated that the instructions be followed meticulously and judiciously.
16	The Examiners should acquaint themselves with the guidelines given in the “ Guidelines for spot Evaluation ” before starting the actual evaluation.
17	Every Examiner shall also ensure that all the answers are evaluated, marks carried over to the title page, correctly totaled and written in figures and words.
18	The candidates are entitled to obtain photocopy of the Answer Book on request on payment of the prescribed processing fee. All Examiners/Additional Head Examiners/Head Examiners are once again reminded that they must ensure that evaluation is carried out strictly as per value points for each answer as given in the Marking Scheme.

	SECTION – A	Pg	Mar ks	Tot
Q1.	<p>Which of these statements about the political decisions take independence related to development are correct?</p> <p>(i)Almost everyone agreed that the development of India should mean both economic growth and social economic justice.</p> <p>(ii) It was also agreed that this matter cannot be left to businessmen, industrialists and farmers.</p> <p>(iii) Only the government should play a key role to ensure growth with justice.</p> <p>(iv) It was necessary to consult all political parties and get public approval.</p> <p>Choose the correct option</p> <p>(a) (i), (ii) and (iii)</p> <p>(b) (1), (ii) and (iv)</p> <p>(c) (ii), (iii) and (iv)</p> <p>(d) (i), (iii) and (iv)</p>		1	

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Ans	(b) (i), (ii) and (iv)			
Q2.	<p>Which one of the following statements about the Second Five Year Plan is not correct?</p> <p>(a) It was drafted by some leading industrialists. (b) It stressed on the development of heavy industries. (c) Its time period was 1956-61. (d) It wanted to bring about quick structural transformation.</p>		1	
Ans	(a) It was drafted by some leading industrialists.	P-53,II		
Q3.	<p>Which among the following is a threat to non-traditional security ?</p> <p>(a)War (b)Manufacturing of weapons (c)Terrorism (d)Internal disturbances</p>		1	
Ans	(c) Terrorism			
Q4.	<p>From the following statements about India's Nuclear Policy, choose the correct statement(s) :</p> <p>(i) India's nuclear programme was started in the late 1940s. (ii)Nehru was against nuclear weapons and pleaded with the superpowers for comprehensive nuclear disarmament. (iii) India was in support of the NPT at the time of its adoption but its indefinite expansion plan forced India to change its stand.</p> <p>Choose the correct option: (a) (i) and (ii) (b) Only (i) (c) Only (iii) (d) (i), (ii) and (iii)</p>		1	
Ans	(a) (i) and (ii)	(78,II)		
Q5.	<p>Two statements are given below one labelled as Assertion (A) and the other labelled as Reason (R). Read these statements carefully and choose the correct option as the answer from the options (a), (b), (c) and (d) given below.</p> <p>Assertion (A): The Soviet system became very bureaucratic and authoritarian, making life very difficult for its citizens. Reason (R): The Soviet Union became a great power after the Second World War.</p> <p>(a) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of the Assertion (A). (b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true, but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of the Assertion (A). (c) Assertion (A) is true, but Reason (R) is false. (d) Assertion (A) is false, but Reason (R) is true.</p>		1	
Ans	(b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true, but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of the Assertion (A).	(18,I)		
Q6.	Two statements are given below -one labelled as Assertion (A) and the other labelled as Reason (R). Read these statements carefully and		1	

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	(c) Alliance (d) Disarmament			
Ans	(a)Confidence-Building Measures	(106,I)		
Q11.	Who became the Prime Minister of India after the death of Jawaharlal Nehru in 1964 ? (a) Jagjivan Ram (b)Morarji Desai (c)Indira Gandhi (d) Lal Bahadur Shastri		1	
Ans	(d) Lal Bahadur Shastri	(84,II)		
Q12.	Which one of the following countries is not a member of SAARC? (a) India (b) Nepal (c) Sri Lanka (d)China		1	
Ans	(d)China	(66,I)		
SECTION – B				
Q13.	Give any two arguments to justify India's policy of Non-alignment.		2x1	2
Ans	It is justified as:- i)India choose the policy of Non-alignment as it desired to be independent and soverign in keeping and maintaining the foreign relations. ii) The policy of Non-alignment is helping to keep the balance of power. iii)India could get the help from both the super powers. Any other relevant point (any two)	P-67,II	2x1	2
Q14.	Highlight any two functions of UNICEF which make it a significant part of the United Nations.		2x1	2
Ans	Functions of UNICEF- i) To collect emergency funds for children and to help in their development work all across the world. ii) Helps and encourages the works that promote children's health and better life in all parts of the world. Or any other point	Ch-4 Ref.M	2x1	2
Q15.	Suggest any two measures to strengthen India's traditional security.		2x1	2
Ans	Measures to strengthen traditional security : (i) Strengthen its own military capabilities, because India has been involved in conflict with neighbours i.e. Pakistan and China. (ii) Strengthen international norms and international institutions to have healthy and good relations with other countries security. (iii) Should try to resolve the pending issues in Nagaland, Mizoram, Punjab and Jammu & Kashmir. (iv) An attempt to develop its economy and to bring the citizens out of	P-112	2x1	2

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	<p>poverty and economic inequalities.</p> <p>(v) Should work for peace and harmonious development in different parts of India to minimise the internal disturbance.</p> <p>(vi) Law and order should be maintained. (any other relevant point) (any two measures)</p>			
Q16.	Explain any two reasons for the victory of Congress in the Southern States in the general election of 1977.		2x1	2
Ans	<p>Reasons :-</p> <p>i)The impact of emergency was not felt equally in all states.</p> <p>ii) The forced relocations and displacements and the force sterilization were mostly concentrated in the Northern States.</p> <p>iii) North India had experienced some long term changes in the nature of political competition.</p> <p>Any other relevant point (Any two)</p>	P-120-II	2x1	2
Q17.	Evaluate any two functions of NITI Aayog.		2x1	2
Ans	<p>Functions of Niti Aayog</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • It harmonizes the interest of national security and economic unity. • It prepares strategic and long -term framework of policy and program. • It provides necessary and technical advice to the union government. • It acts as a think tank of the union government. <p>(Any other relevant points) (any two)</p>	Ref,C h-2,II	2x1	2
Q18.	Why is it necessary for coalition governments to accommodate and aggregate variety of interests? Explain.		2	2
Ans	<p>It is necessary:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •To fulfil the demands and aspirations of the people of different regions. • To accommodate different regional political parties. • To maintain the culture of 'India's unity in Diversity' so that there should be no space for separatist movement in India. •To make the democratic system more inclusive and representative in nature. <p>Any other relevant point (any two)</p>	P-193-II	2	2
SECTION C				
Q19.	"India's impressive technological growth in recent years has made the country an attractive partner of US." Support the statement giving any four examples.		4x1	4
Ans	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The US absorbs about 65% of India's total exports in the software sector. 	P-45,I	4x1	4

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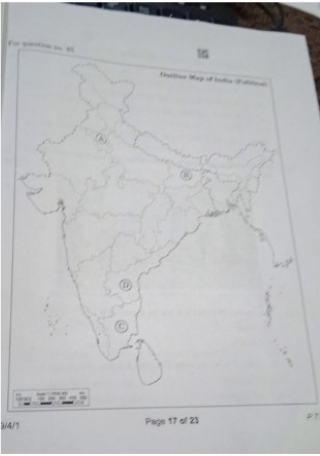

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 35% of the technical staff of Boeing is estimated to be of Indian origin. • 30000 Indians work in Silicon Valley • 15% of all high-tech start ups are by Indian Americans. <p>Any recent developments in Indo -US relations mentioned by the students must be credited.</p> <p align="right">(Any 4 examples)</p>			
Q20.	Analyse any two developments of the recent years in Jammu and Kashmir.		2x2	4
Ans	<p>Development of the recent years in Jammu and Kashmir :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) President’s rule was imposed in June 2018 after BJP withdraw its support to the Mufti government. (ii) On 5th August 2019, Article 370 was abolished. (iii) By Jammu & Kashmir Reorganisation Act, 2019., the state was constituted into two Union Territories viz. Jammu &Kashmir and Ladakh. (iv) Special Status given to J&K was removed. <p>(any other relevant point) (Any two)</p>	P-158	2x2	4
Q21.	"Globalisation has shifted power from nation-states to global consumers." Support the statement with two arguments.		2x2	4
Ans	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> i) Globalisation results in an erosion of state capacity that is, the ability of government to do what they want to do. ii) All over the world ,the concept of welfare state is now giving way to a more minimalistic state. iii) The increased role of MNC's all over the world leads to a reduction in the capacity of government to take decisions on their own. iv) As an outcome of new technology, states have become more powerful than they were earlier. But the emphasis now lies on the Global consumers. v) Now it is the market that becomes the prime determinant of social and economic priorities. <p>Any other relevant point (any two)</p>	P-139,I	2x2	4
Q22.	What is meant by Veto Power? Name any four countries that enjoy veto Power.		2+2	4
Ans	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Veto power is the power to negate any decision made by all other members of UNSC. It is a negative vote. This power has been given to the five permanent members of UNSC. • i)USA ii) UK iii) Russia 	P-91,86 I	2+2	4

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	iv) France v) China (Any 4 countries)																		
Q23.	Examine any two main reasons which led to the mid term elections in India in 1980.		2x2	4															
Ans	<p>Main reasons:</p> <p>(i) Janta Party lacked directions, leadership and a common programme.</p> <p>(ii) Janta Party government could not bring about a fundamental change in policies from those pursued by the Congress earlier.</p> <p>(iii) Janta Party split and Morarji Desai government lost its majority.</p> <p>(iv) Another government was formed under Charan Singh with the support of the Congress. Midterm elections were announced in January 1980 after withdrawal of the Congress support to Charan Singh government.</p> <p>(v) Janata Party could not prove itself a united and working for any common programme. So people took it as a weak Janta Party government.</p> <p align="right">(any two)</p>	P-123		4															
	SECTION D																		
Q24.	<p>In the given political outline map of India on page 17), four States have been marked as (A), (B), (C) and (D) .Identify these States on the basis of information given below and write their correct names in your answer-book along with the respective serial number of the information used and the concerned alphabets given in the map as per the following format:</p> <p>(i) The State related to V V Giri , the former President of India.</p> <p>(ii) The State related to the Congress leader, K. Kamaraj .</p> <p>(iii)The State from where the phrase, "Aya Ram. Gaya Ram originated.</p> <p>(iv) The State which faced the most acute food crisis in 1965-1967</p>		4x1	4															
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Serial number of the information used</th> <th>Concerned alphabet given in the map</th> <th>Name of the State</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td align="center">(i)</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td align="center">(ii)</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td align="center">(iii)</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td align="center">(iv)</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Serial number of the information used	Concerned alphabet given in the map	Name of the State	(i)			(ii)			(iii)			(iv)					
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(iv)	B	Bihar																			
	<p>Note: The following questions are for the Visually Impaired Candidates only, in lieu of Q No 24</p> <p>(24.1) Name the State related to the former President of India, V.V. Giri</p> <p>(24.2) Name the State to which the Congress leader K. Kamaraj belonged.</p> <p>(24.3) Name the State from where the famous phrase "Aya Ram Gaya Ram originated.</p> <p>(24.4) Which State faced the most acute food crisis in 1965-67?</p>																				
	<p>For visually Impaired candidates</p> <p>24.1 Andhra Pradesh</p> <p>24.2 Tamil Nadu</p> <p>24.3 Haryana</p> <p>24.4 Bihar</p>		4x1	4																	
Q25.	<p>Study the given picture and answer the questions that follow:</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div>		4x1	4																	

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(i)	<p>The given picture belongs to which one of the following countries?</p> <p>(a) Myanmar (b) Nepal</p> <p>(c) Bangladesh (d) Sri Lanka</p> <p>Ans. (c) Bangladesh</p>			
(ii)	<p>The memorial shown in the picture is located at which one of the following places?</p> <p>(a) Shantiniketan (b) Calcutta University</p> <p>(c) Burma University (d) Dhaka University</p> <p>Ans.(d) Dhaka University</p>			
(iii)	<p>When did the incident related to the picture happen ?</p> <p>(a) 1950 (b)1950</p> <p>(c) 1982 (d) 1987</p> <p>Ans. (d) 1987</p>			
(iv)	<p>Which military ruler was the cause for this memorial?</p> <p>(a) General Musharraf (b) Lt. General H.M. Enshad</p> <p>(b) Ziaur Rahman (d) Zia-ul-Haq</p> <p>Ans. (b) Lt. General H.M.Ershad</p>			
	<p>Note: The following questions are for the Visually Impaired Candidates only, in lieu of Q No. 25.</p> <p>(25.1) Which country is Bhutan's biggest source of developmental aid?</p> <p>(a) USA (b) Russia</p> <p>(c) India (d) China</p> <p>(25.2) A landlocked country of South Asia is:</p> <p>(a) Maldives (b) Bangladesh</p> <p>(c) Nepal (d) Pakistan</p> <p>(25.3) In East Pakistan, the popular struggle against the domination Of West Pakistan was led by which one of the following leaders?</p> <p>(a) Sheikh Mujibur Rahman</p> <p>(b) Sheikh Mujib Mohammed</p> <p>(c) General Yahya khan</p> <p>(d) Lt. General H.M. Ershad</p> <p>(25.4) The Seven Party Alliance is related to which country?</p> <p>(a) Bhutan (b) Nepal</p> <p>(c) India (d) Pakistan</p>			
	For visually Impaired Candidates		4x1	4

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	<p>25.1 c) India</p> <p>25.2 c) Nepal</p> <p>25.3 a) Sheikh Mujib Ur Rahman</p> <p>25.4 b) Nepal</p>			
Q26.	<p>Read the passage given below and answer the question that follow:</p> <p>The leaders of the Indian national struggle did not believe in the two-nation theory. And yet, the partition on religions basis had taken place. The Muslim League was formed to protect the interests of the Muslims in colonial India. It was in the forefront of the demand for aseparate Muslim nation.</p>		4x1	4
(26.1)	<p>At the time of partition, which one of the following States was divided on the basis of religious majority?</p> <p>(a) Uttar Pradesh</p> <p>(b) Gujarat</p> <p>(c) Bengal</p> <p>(d) Jammu and Kashmir</p> <p>Ans.(c) Bengal</p>	P-8,II		
(26.2)	<p>Which one of the following Princely States was the first to announce to remain independent and not to join the Union of India?</p> <p>(a) Hyderabad</p> <p>(b) Manipur</p> <p>(c) Junagarh</p> <p>(d) Travancore</p> <p>Ans.(d) Travancore</p>	P-16,II		
(26.3)	<p>Why was the Muslim League formed?</p> <p>(a) To propose two-nation theory'</p> <p>(b) To form a new nation named Pakistan</p> <p>(c) To prepare the constitution of Pakistan</p> <p>(d) To protect the interests of the Muslims in colonial India</p> <p>Ans.(d) To protect the interest of the Muslims in colonial India.</p>	(Passage)		
(26.4)	<p>What was the stand of the Interim Indian Government partition?</p> <p>(a) It was against partition.</p> <p>(b) It wanted peace, harmony and equality of religion.</p> <p>(c) It wanted India to become a Hindu nation.</p> <p>(d) It was in favour of treating people on religious basis.</p> <p>Ans.(a) It was against partition</p>	P-16,II		
	SECTION E			
Q27.	<p>(a)Highlight any three environmental concerns significant to global</p>		3x2	6

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	<p>politics.</p> <p align="center">OR</p> <p>(b) Highlight any three international environmental movements and their importance.</p>		3x2	6
Ans (a)	<p>Environmental concerns:</p> <p>i) Cultivable area is barely expanding any more agricultural land is losing fertility ,grasslands have been overgrazed and fisheries overharvested.</p> <p>ii) Access to safe drinking water is not available in many area. Billions have no access to sanitation resulting in the death of more than 3 million children every year.</p> <p>iii) Natural forests are being cut and people are being displaced. It has caused climate disturbances and loss of biodiversity.</p> <p>iv)Decline in total amount of ozone in the earth stratosphere is posing a real danger to the ecosystem human health.</p> <p>v) Coastal pollution is increasing globally. It is adding to the deterioration in the quality of marine environment.</p> <p>vi) Global warming is a global concern as it affects the weather of different nations, changing the physical conditions on earth.</p> <p>Any other relevant point (any three)</p>	P-118-119	3x2	6
(b)	<p align="center">OR</p> <p>Environmental movements:</p> <p>i) The forest movement started in different parts of the world such as Mexico ,Chile, Brazil, Malaysia, Africa and India. It aimed at saving forest from deforestation and felling of trees.</p> <p>ii) Movement against mining started in philippines to oppose Western Mining Corporation. It aims at stopping the extraction of earth , use of chemicals and pollution of waterways ,lands .</p> <p>iii) Anti Dam movements or pro -river movements are meant for more sustainable and equitable Management of river systems and valley's</p> <p>any other environmental movements (Any three)</p>	P-127-128,I	3x2	6
Q28.	<p>(a)Evaluate the role of ASEAN in the contemporary world.</p> <p align="center">OR</p> <p>(b)"In spite of the improvement in the Chinese economy, not everyone in China has received the benefits of economic reforms." Support the statement with three arguments.</p>		6	6
Ans (a)	<p>Role of ASEAN:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ASEAN aims at economic growth of the region. • It also work for social progress and cultural development. 	P-56,57, I		

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<p>(b)</p>	<p>much higher.</p> <p>(iv) It is conservatively estimated that 50,000 Iraqi civilians have been killed since the US led invasion.</p> <p align="right">(any three)</p> <p>Consequences :</p> <p>(i) End of the Cold War.</p> <p>(ii) End of the ideological conflict between socialist and capitals countries.</p> <p>(iii) Power relations in the world politics changed.</p> <p>(iv) Coming up of the unipolar world with dominance of the US.</p> <p>(v) The newly independent countries emerged with their own independent aspirations and choices.</p> <p>(vi) Socialist countries turned to capitalism and some socialist nations got divided.</p> <p>(vii) World Bank and IMF started helping the erstwhile republics who adopted democracy.</p> <p>any other relevant point</p> <p align="right">(any three to be explained)</p>		<p align="center">3x2</p>	<p align="center">6</p>
<p>Q30.</p>	<p>(a)Highlight any three major developments that took place in Indian politics during NDA III and NDA IV.</p> <p align="center">OR</p> <p>(b)Highlight any three points of consensus that emerged among most political parties in India after the Lok Sabha Elections,2004.</p>		<p align="center">3x2</p>	<p align="center">6</p>
<p>Ans (a)</p>	<p>Major developments:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NDA III led coalition of 2014 was largely different from its predecessor coalition governments. The previous coalitions were led by one of the national parties. The NDA III coalition was dominated by BJP with an absolute majority of its own in Lok Sabha called 'surplus Majority Coalition.' • The 2019 Lok Sabha elections once again brought back BJP led NDA IV to the centre. The BJP on its own won 303 seats in Lok Sabha, the biggest number any single party has won in the lower house since 1984. • Shift from caste and religion based politics to development and good governance oriented politics • Several socio economic welfare schemes have been initiated to make development and governance accessible to masses such as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Pradhanmantri Ujjwala Yojana - Swachh Bharat Abhiyan - Jan Dhan Yojana - Deen Dayal Upadhyaya gram Jyoti Yojana - Kisan Fasal Beema Yojana - Beti Bachao Beti Padhao 	<p>Ref.M</p>	<p align="center">3x2</p>	<p align="center">6</p>

ALL INDIA SENIOR SCHOOL CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION MARKING SCHEME-2023

SUBJECT : POLITICAL SCIENCE (028)

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(b)	<p>- Ayushman Bharat etc</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Abolition of article 370 (to be explained)• Abolition of Triple Talaq(to be explained)• Demonetization(to be explained) <p>Any other relevant point (Any three)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>Points of Consensus:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Agreement on new economic policies• Acceptance of the political and social claims of the backward caste.• Acceptance of the role of regional parties in governance of the country.•Emphasis on pragmatic consideration rather than ideological position. <p>Any other relevant point (Any three with explanation)</p>	P- 190- 193,II	3x2	6
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